# FIFTH SEMESTER B.Com./B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014

(UG-CCSS)

## Core Course

CCOUN	TING FOR MANAGEMENT
	Maximum: 30 Weightag
Part	A The second of
	stions carrying equal weightage of 1.  1r objective questions.  uestions.
ween Fix	ed Assets (after depreciation):
(b)	Working capital.
(d)	None.
(b)	1:1.
(d)	1:3.
nd marg	inal cost is:
(b)	P/V ratio.
(d)	Margin of Safety.
ng activi	ty include :
estments	•
icing act	ivities.
ment.	
	e firm is financially sound.
	Part as of que sts of for ver all que veen Fix (b) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (estments acing activities acing acing activities acing acing acing acing acing acing acing acing acing a

Turn over

## III. Answer in one word :

- 9 Which statement is prepared to show the movement of cash?
- 10 Name the angle which indicates the rate at which profits are being made.
- 11 Which factor puts limitation on the production and profit of a business?
- 12 Give the equation of inventory turnover ratio.

 $(12 \times \% = 3 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer all nine questions. Each question carries a weightage of 1.

- 13 Give three important use of funds flow statement.
- 14 What do you mean by intra firm analysis?
- 15 State the difference between contribution and profit.
- 16 Give a note on funds flow statement.
- 17 What do you mean by comparative balance sheet?
- 18 What is interest coverage ratio?
- 19. What are the constituents of complete financial statement?
- 20 What do you mean by margin of safety?
- 21 List out the limitations of funds flow statement.

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$ 

## Part C (Short Essay or Paragraph Questions)

Answer any five questions. Each question carries a weightage of 2.

- 22 Distinguish between funds flow statement and balance sheet.
- 23 Explain Du Pont control chart.
- 24 From the following information prepare a comparative balance sheet of Deepthi Ltd.

Particulars		31.3.2011 Rs. in lakh			31.	31.3.2012 Rs. in lakh		
Equity share capital			50	2 2 * 2 *		. 87	50	
Fixed assets			60				72	
Reserves and surplus	***		10				12	
Investments		*	10	e e			10	
Long term loan	•••		30			•	30	
Eurrent assets	***		30		4		21	
Current liabilities	***	A	10				11	

25 X Ltd. has current ratio 2.5 and working capital 90,000. Find out current assets and current liabilities.

26 Find out P/V ratio, Fixed Cost by the following information:

Period		Sales	Cost	Profit		
1		1,20,000	1,11,000	9,000		
11	***	1,40,000	1,27,000	13,000		

27 Find out debtors turnover ratio and average collection period from the following:-

		31.3.2011	31.3.2012
		Rs.	Rs.
Annual credit sales	***	5,00,000	6,00,000
Debtors at the beginning		80,000	1,00,000
Debtors at the end		1,00,000	1,20,000

28 Calculate the fund from operation from the following of A Ltd.

### Profit and Loss a/c

			$\mathbf{Rs.}$			Rs.
To	Expenses:			By Gross profit		2,00,000
	-Øperation		1,00,000	Gain on sale of plant	•••	20,000
	Depreciation		40,000	•		•
	Loss on sale of building		10,000			
	Advertisement		5,000			
	Suspense a/c					
	Discount (customers)		500			
	Discount on issue of					
	shares written-off		500			
	Goodwill		12,000			
	Net profit	•••	52,000			

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$ 

## Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 4.

- 29 Define responsibility accounting. Explain its concepts and centres.
- 30 From the following information make out a statement of proprietors funds with as many details as possible:

Current ratio 2.5

Liquid ratio 1.5

Proprietary ratio (fixed assets/proprietors fund) 0.75

Working capital 60,000

Reserves and Surplus 40,000

Bank overdraft 10,000

There is no long term loan or factious assets.

Turn over

31 You are given the following data for the year 2012 for a factory :

Output 40,000 units Fixed expense Rs 2,00,000 Variable expense (per unit) 10 Selling price (per unit) 20

Draw a break-even chart showing the break-even point.

How many units must be produced and sold if the selling price is reduced by 10% in order to give the same profit? Show by break-even chart what will be the new break-even point?

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

