

THIRD SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2011.

(C.C.S.S.)

B.Com.—Core Course BC 3B 04—CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weightage: 30

Objective Type Questions Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 weigfytage.

I.	Fill	in	the	blank	
				DIGHT	э.

- When debentures are redeemed from out of profits an equal amount is transferred to——— account.
- 2 Dividend declared between two annual general meetings is called the——.
- 3 Bill for collection will appear on——of the banks Balance Sheet.
- 4 All insurances other than life are regarded as Choose the correct answer
- 5 Shares can be forfeited:-
 - (a) For non-payment of call money. (b) For failure to attend the meeting. (c) For failure to repay the loan.
- 6 Any balance in the capital reduction amount after writing off lost capital is transferred to:
 - (a) Capital reserve. (b) General reserve. (c) Debenture redemption reserve.
- Bank prepare the accounts for: (a) The calender year. (b) The financial year. (c) The Diwali year.
- Reinsurance occurs when: (a) Insuring the same subject matter with another insurer by the insurer. (b) Insuring the same subject-matter with two or more insures by the insured. (c) None.

Match the following:—

9 Dockets

10 Amalgamation

11 Unsecured loans

12 Share

- (a) Single new company.
- (b) Unit of a share capital.
- (c) Capital raised by a company.
- (d) Nosecurity.
- (e) Posting.

 $(12 \times \% = 3 \text{ weightage})$

- II. Short Answer Type Questions. Answer all the nine questions:
- 13 What is Reinsurance?
- Give two examples of General Insurance. 14
- What is reserve capital? 15
- Give journal entries in the books of the company when premium amount is collected along 16 with application money.
- A Ltd. purchased machinery worth ₹ 3,30,000 from Modern Traders. It was agreed that the 17 purchase consideration be paid by issuing 15 % debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 10 % in full settlement of the claim. Give Journal entries in the books of A Ltd.
- What is alteration of capital? 18
- What is Net Payment Method? 19
- On 31st March 2006 a bill of ₹ 10 lakhs is discounted with a bank at 18 % p.a. The due date 20 of the bill is 30th April 2006. Pass journal entry.
- Give journal entry for outstanding claims at the beginning payable at the insurance company, 21

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$ Short Essay or Paragraph Questions. Answer any five questions: \mathbf{III}

- Z Ltd. Company whose authorised capital is ₹ 4,00,000 of ₹ 100 each issued 3,000 equity 22 shares of Its. 100 each, payable ₹ 20 on application, .₹ 40 on allotment and ₹ 40 on first and final c£ll. A shareholder having 100 shares failed to pay the call money. Pass necessary journal entries.
- The Directors of B Ltd. forfeited 100 shares of ₹ 10 each fully called for non-payment of the 23 final call ₹4 per share. The shares were re-issued as fully paid at ₹8 per share. Give journal entries.
- On 1st January 2006, W Ltd. issued 30,000 15 % debentures of ₹ 10 each at a discount pf 5 24 % redeemable on 31-12-2009 at a premium of 7 %. Write journal entries in the books of the company on issue and, redemption of debentures.
- Z Ltd. had ₹2,00,000 authorised capital divided into 20,000 shares of ₹10 each. All these 25 shares were issued and were paid to the extent of ₹ 7 per share. The company decided in

Scanned by CamScanner

2006 to pay-off ₹ 2 per share and to reduce the ₹ 10 share to Ru. 5 share fully paid up by cancelling unpaid amount. There was ₹ 50,000 balance in Profit and Loss Account (Cr.) Pass entries in the books of the company.

- 26 What are the different methods of computing purchase consideration?
- 27 Explain Non-performing Assets.
- 28 Find the amount of premium to be credited to Revenue account from the following: —

Premium received 2007 acce	to contact account no		
Premium received 2007-2008 Advance 1-4-2007	•••	₹ 42,00,000	
Advance 31-3-2008		1,80,000	
	· ′	1,00,000	
Outstanding 31-3-2008		2,00,000	
Bonus in reduction of premium to he adjusted		30.000	

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

Essay Questions. Answer any two questions IV

29 The following Trial Balance was extracted from the books of the LIC as on 31st March 2008.

Particulars		~	2000.
		Debit	Credit
		₹ 000'	₹ 000'
Paid up share capital 2,00,00,000 shares of ₹ 10 each			2,00,000
Life Assurance fund 1-4-2007		*	59,44,600
Bonus to policyholders		63,000	
Premiums received	•••	_	3,23,000
Claims paid	• • • •	3,94,000	· apr
Commission paid	,	18,600	_
Management expenses	···	64,600	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Mortgage in India	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9,84,400	
Interest and dividend received	•••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,25,400
Agent, Balance	•••	18,600	gar gar
Freehold premises		80,000	
Investments	••••	46,10,000	
	•••	3,47,000	_
Loans on companies policies	• • •	54,000	
Cash on deposits		14,600	
Cash in hand	•••	14,000	
Surrenders		30,000	
Dividend paid		66,93,000	66,93,000

Prepare the Corporation's Revenue Account for the year as on 31st March 2008 and its Balance Sheet as on that date after taking the following matters into consideration '

- (a) Claims admitted but not paid ₹ 1,80,00,000.
- (b) Management expenses due ₹ 4,00,000.
- (c) Interest accrued ₹3,86,00,000.
- (d) Premium outstanding ₹2,00,00,000.
- (e) Bonus utilised in reduction of premium ₹40,00,000.
- (f) Claims covered under reinsurance ₹46,00,000.
- 30 From the following information, prepare the Profit and Loss Account of ABC Bank Ltd. for the year ended 31st March 2004 :---

-		
Interest on loans		2,59,000
Interest on fixed deposits	•••	
Rebate on bills discount required		2,75,000
Commission		49,000
Estabh'shments		8,200
		54,000
Discount on bills discounted (net)		1,95,000
Interest on cash credit		
Interest on Current Account	•••	2,23,000
Rent and Taxes	•••	42,000
Interest on overdrafts		18,000
Diretorsfees	•••	1,54,000
Auditorsfees	•••	3,000
Interest on SB Deposits		1,200
Postage and Telegrams		68,000
Printing and Stationery	•••	1,400
<u>-</u>	•	2,900
Sundry charges		
Bad debts to be written co	•••	1,700

Bad debts to be written off amounted to ₹40,000. Provision for taxation may be made at 55 %. Balance of profit from last year was ₹ 1,20,000. The director's have recommended a; "dividend of ₹20,000 for the shareholders...

31 From the following Trial Balance and additional information provided, prepare final account of SJK Co. Ltd. for the year ending 31st March 2009:

~			
*		Debit	Credit
Capital 30,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid		. ₹	₹
r sy shares of the each fully paid	•••	3,00,000	

Stock 1-4-2008 V		2.25.000	
Purchases and Sales		2,25,000	-
Productive wages		7,35,000	10,50,000
		1,50,000	-
Discount		21,000	15,000
Salaries	•••	22,500	-
Rent		14,850	-
General expenses		51,150	-
Profit and Loss Account 1-4-2008	•••	-	45,000
Dividend paid for last year		27,000	•
Debtors and creditors		1,12,500	52,500
Plant and Machinery		87,000	-
Cash at Bank		48,600	-
Reserve		_	46,500
Loan to Managing Director		9,750	-
Bad debts		4,650	-
		15,09,000	15,09,000

Additional information:.

- (a) Stock on 31st March 2009 ₹ 2,46,000
- (b) Depreciate machinery at 10 % p.a.
- (c) Reserve 5 % on debtors for doubtful debts.
- (d) Provide 2 % for discount on creditors.
- (e) One month rent ₹ 1,350 per mensem was due on 31st March 2009.
- (f) Six months insurance was unexpired at ₹ 2,250 per annum.
- (g) Provide ₹ 13,668 for income-tax.
- (h) The Board recommends a dividend at 20 % per annum.
- (i) Make provision for corporate dividend tax at 10 %.
- Transfer to general reserve the minimum amount required by law.