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E 754	0		(Pages:	3)	Reg. No	
					Name	***************************************
	B.C	om. DEGREE (C.	B.C.S.S.) EX	KAMINATION	, MARCH 2014	
			Sixth Sem	ester	The season and sold A	
		Core Cour	se 16—PRAC	TICAL AUDIT	ING	
(Com	mon for	Model I B.Com., M	Model II B.Co		Sponsored B.Com.	Degree
Time: Three Hours					Maximum	Weight: 2
		Answers may be wr	ritten either in	English or in M	Malayalam.	
			Section	A		
1401 x 2		This Section consis Each	ts of four bund bunch carries		tions each.	
I. C	hoose the	e correct answer from t	he choices give	n:		
1 Audit conducted by the employees of the organisation is called:						
	(a)	Interim audit.	(b)	Internal audit.		
	(c)	Statutory audit.	(d)	Final audit.	Electron Strains	
2 The work done by one person is automatically checked by another p						
	(a)	Internal control.	. (p)	Varification.	of a please state of	
	(c)	Internal cheek.	· (d)	Valuation.	ALINE IN SECTION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	
3 The first auditors of a newly started company are appointed by:					d by:	
	(a)	Board of Directors.	(b)	Government.	deal results, it stays.	
	(c)	Shareholders.	(d)	Chairman.		
	4 Team	ning and lading is a me	thod of misapp	ropriation of:		
	(a)	Goods.	(b)	Accounts.		

II. Fill in the blanks:

(c) Cash.

Critical examination and verification of specific records is known as — .
audit helps to improve quality of management.
Audit of financial accounts for satisfying the income tax authorities is called — .
Liability of an auditor to pay damages is known as — .

(d) None of these.

Turn over

- III. State whether the following statements are True or False:
 - 9 Interim audit is an audit conducted in between two annual audits.
 - 10 Valuation is a part of varification.
 - 11 A documentary evidence in support of a transaction is known as certificate.
 - 12 Management audit may cover more than one financial year.
- IV. Match the following:
 - 13 Investigation
 - 14 Status of an auditor
 - 15 Fictitious asset
 - 16 Internal cheek

- (a) Preliminary expenses.
- (b) Voluntary.
- (c) Invoice.
- (d) Agent of the shareholders.
- (e) Comparison.
- (f) Internal control.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

Section B

Answer any five questions.

Each bunch carries a weight of 1.

- 17 What are contingent liabilities?
- 18 Define Valuation.
- 19 What is meant by "Internal audit"?
- 20 What is meant by Audit manual?
- 21 What is continuous audit?
- 22 What is "clean report"?
- 23 What is auditor's lieu?
- 24 Define Social audit.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

Section C

Answer any four questions. Each bunch carries a weight of 2.

- 25 Differentiate cost audit and financial audit.
- 26 Write a short note on audit assurance standards.
- 27 What are the differences between Auditing and investigation?
- 28 Discuss the liabilities of an auditor under the Companies Act, 1956.

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- 29 What is a Statutory report? What are its contents?
- 30 "An auditor is not a valuer". Discuss.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$

Section D

Answer any two questions.

Each bunch carries a weight of 4.

- 31. What is Vouching? How would you vouch the cash book?
- 32 What are the qualities needed for an auditor?
- 33 Write a short note on:
 - (a) EDP environment.
 - (b) Audit programme.
 - (c) Bonus shares.
 - (d) Performance audit.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$